## WE CLAIM:

- 1. A method for bit stream decoding of a bit stream having a number of consecutive samples, the method comprising the steps of:
  - a) defining a detection window having a number of samples;
  - b) positioning said detection window at certain positions on the bit stream in order to subtend certain samples with respective sample values;
  - c) applying a majority voting to said sample values within said detection window;
  - d) decoding the bit stream in dependence on the results of step c); and
  - e) generating respective bit values following step d).
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said detection window comprises an odd number of samples.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein said detection window is positioned at an expected edge between two bit cells of the bit stream to overlap at least one sample of a first bit cell and at least one sample of a subsequent bit cell, having respective sample values, in order to perform bit edge detection.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein said detection window is centered on an expected center of a bit cell of the bit stream to only overlap samples of said bit cell for detecting a bit value of said bit cell.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein glitches or spikes in the bit stream are filtering out.
- 6. The method of claim 4, wherein said detection window is positioned on an expected center of said bit cell in dependence on a predetermined offset-parameter and in dependence on a predetermined parameter specifying a number of samples in said detection window.
- A computer program for execution on at least one of a computer and a
  microprocessor, wherein the computer program is programmed to execute the
  method of claim 1.
- 8. The computer program of claim 7, wherein the computer program is stored in at least one of a read-only-memory (ROM), a random-access-memory (RAM), and a flash-memory.
- 9. A device for decoding a bit stream having a number of consecutive samples, the

device comprising:

means for positioning a predefined detection window at certain positions in the bit stream, the detection window being predefined to overlap a number of samples, said detection window being positioned in such a way as to span certain samples with respective sample values;

means for applying majority voting to said sample values contained within said detection window;

means for decoding the bit stream in dependence on said majority voting; and

means for generating respective bit values in response to said decoding of the bit stream.

- 10. The device of claim 9, wherein said detection window comprises an odd number of samples.
- 11. The device of claim 9, wherein said detection window is positioned at an expected edge between two bit cells of the bit stream to overlap at least one sample of a first bit cell and at least one sample of a subsequent bit cell, having respective sample values, in order to perform bit edge detection.
- 12. The device of claim 9, wherein said detection window is centered on an expected center of a bit cell of the bit stream to only overlap samples of said bit cell for detecting a bit value of said bit cell.
- 13. The device of claim 12, wherein glitches or spikes in the bit stream are filtering out.
- 14. The device of claim 12, wherein said detection window is positioned at an expected center of said bit cell according to a predetermined offset-parameter and according to a predetermined parameter specifying a number of samples in said detection window.
- 15. One of a number of nodes of a communication system, the nodes being connected to a communication media for transmitting data among the nodes, the data being transmitted across the communication media in the form of a bit stream, the bit stream comprising a number of consecutive samples, wherein the node comprises a bit stream decoding device according to claim 9 for decoding the bit stream received from the communication media.
- 16. A computing unit programmed for carrying out the method of claim 1.
- 17. A data storage medium having machine encoded instructions for executing the

method of claim 1.